

Rationale

Mathematics is a tool for everyday life. It is a whole network of concepts and relationships which provide a way of viewing and making sense of the world. It is used to analyse and communicate information and ideas and to tackle a range of practical tasks and real life problems. It also provides the materials and means for creating new imaginative worlds to explore.

Aims and Objectives

- A positive attitude towards mathematics and an awareness of the fascination of mathematics;
- Competence and confidence in mathematical knowledge, concepts and skills;
- An ability to solve problems, to reason, to think logically and to work systematically and accurately;
- Initiative and an ability to work both independently and in cooperation with others;
- An ability to communicate mathematics;
- An ability to use and apply mathematics across the curriculum and in real life;
- An understanding of mathematics through a process of enquiry and experiment.

Organisation and Teaching Approaches

A typical lesson involves all classes following the White Rose scheme of work which is a whole-school primary maths programme. Questions are carefully crafted to develop children's fluency, reasoning, and problem solving skills and conceptual understanding for mastery. It focuses on core topics to build deep understanding.

This policy has been largely adapted from the White Rose Maths Hub Calculation Policy with further material added. It is working document and will be revised and amended as necessary. The purpose of this document is to outline the stages of progress for written calculation methods in the four operations. Each operation uses the concrete, pictorial and abstract (CPA) sequence to support the children in gaining a secure understanding of each concept.

Concrete

In this stage, the children are introduced to an idea or a skill through using real objects. They are able to manipulate the objects and is the foundation for conceptual understanding.

Pictorial

In this stage, the children have understood the hands on experiences performed and can now relate them to representations such as a diagram or picture of the problem.

Abstract

In this stage, the children are now capable of now representing problems by using the mathematical notation. They only use this stage when they have enough context to understand what the calculation means.

It is important that the children are exposed to these three stages in order and are supported by models, images and practical apparatus. These include the use of the part-whole and bar model methods. Examples of these have been included in each section. These should be used regardless of the stage that the children are working at and will need to be returned to when moving to larger numbers.

Teachers need to take into account the stage in which each of their children are working at so that they have a sound understanding of the mathematics and not just a mechanical method for finding an answer. The children need to have this understanding of what they are doing within each stage before moving onto the next. Previous steps therefore may need to be revisited to consolidate understanding when introducing a new strategy.

Number and Place Value

A sound understanding of place value and the number system is essential for children to carry out calculations efficiently and accurately.

Fluency within the four operations is dependent on the children's secure understanding of number and place value. The following skills need to be taken into account;

- Accurate and rapid recall of basic number bonds to 10, 20 and 100.
- Having a sense of number by identifying patterns and thinking about connections between calculations.

• Accurate and rapid recall of times tables facts (Daily/weekly times tables tests and the use of TT Rockstars). The times tables need to be taught in the following order; x10, x5, x2, x4, x8, x3, x6, x9, x7.

• Developing an understanding of the = symbol (Through the use of balancing scales this concept is easily demonstrated).

• Developing mathematical reasoning - Through teachers questioning pupils should be encouraged to develop their reasoning skills using the following strategies; What is the same and what is different; odd one out; here's the answer, what could the question have been

Addition

| Objective and Strategies | Concrete | Pictorial | Abstract |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Combining two parts to make a whole: part- whole model | Use cubes to add two numbers together as a group or in a bar. | Image: state stat | 4 + 3 = 7 $10 = 6 + 4$ 5 3 Use the part-part whole diagram as shown above to move into the abstract. |
| Starting at the bigger number and counting on | , COCCOCCCC (Danage of the second of the se | 12 + 5 = 17 | 5 + 12 = 17 |
| | Start with the larger number on the bead string and then count on to the smaller number 1 by 1 to find the answer. | Start at the larger number on the number line and count on in ones or in one jump to find the answer. | Place the larger number in your head and count on the smaller number to find your answer. |

| Regrouping to make 10. | 6 + 5 = 11 | Use pictures or a number line. Regroup or partition the smaller number to make 10. | 7 + 4= 11 If I am at seven, how many more do I need to make 10. How many more do I add on now? |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | Start with the bigger number and use the smaller number to make 10. | 9 + 5 = 14 $1 4$ $+1$ $+1$ $+1$ $+1$ $+1$ $+1$ $+1$ $+1$ | |
| Adding three single digits | 4 + 7 + 6= 17 Put 4 and 6 together to make 10. Add on 7. | | 4 + 7 + 6 = 10 + 7 $= 17$ Combine the two numbers that make 10 and then add on the remainder. |
| | Following on from making 10, make 10 with 2 of the digits (if possible) then add on the third digit. | Add together three groups of objects. Draw a picture to recombine the groups to make 10. | |

| Column method- no regrouping | 10 24 + 15= Add together the ones first then add the tens. Use the Base 10 blocks first before moving onto place value counters. | | After pr counter solve ad | actically s, childr ditions. | using t en can o | he base draw the | 10 blocks and place value e counters to help them to | 2 | <u>Calculations</u> 21 + 42 = | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|----|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| | | | • | | | | | | | | 21 + <u>42</u> | |
| Column method- | Mako | oth num | bors on a | | Childron | con dra | wanic | | procentation of the | | | |
| regrouping | grid. | | columns and place value counters to further support their learning and understanding. | | | Start by partitioning the numbers before moving on to clearly show the | | | | | | |
| | (iii) (iii) | © ©©©© | | 146 <u>+ 527</u> | • • | :: | •• | :: | | exc add | change below the dition. | |
| | 000 00 | 8 8 | | | :: | :: | • | | | $\begin{array}{c} 20 \\ \underline{40} \\ 60 \end{array}$ | + 5 + 8 + 13 = 73 | |
| | Add up for one | o the units e 10. | and exch | ange 10 ones | 7 | 1 | 5 | 1 | | | | 536 $+ 85$ 621 11 |

| 0 0 0 0 | | 146 <u>+ 527</u> | As the children move on, introduce decimals with the same number of decimal places and different. Money |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Add exch colur until This help equa As ch mon coun learr | Generation of the contract of the contract of the rest of the contract of the next plate of the next of the next | columns, nters from one ice value column been added. with Base 10 to e that 10 ones c equal 100. decimals, ce value o support | 72.8 ± 54.6 127.4 \pounds 2 3 . 5 9 ± \pounds 7 . 5 5 ± 3 1 . 1 4 2 3 . 3 6 1 9 . 0 8 0 5 9 . 7 7 0 ± 1 . 3 0 0 9 3 . 5 1 1 2 1 2 |

Subtraction

| Objective and | Concrete | Pictorial | Abstract |
|---------------|----------|-----------|----------|
| Strategies | | | |

| Taking away ones | | Cross out drawn objects to show what has been taken | 18 -3= 15 |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | Use physical objects, counters, cubes | away. | |
| | etc to show how objects can be taken | * * * | 8-2-6 |
| | away. 6-2=4 | $\begin{array}{ccc} & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & &$ | 8-2=0 |
| Counting back | Make the larger number in your | Count back on a number line or number track | Put 13 in your head, count |
| | subtraction. Move the beads along your | | back 4. What number are |
| | bead | $\bigwedge \\$ | you at? Use your fingers to |
| | string as you | 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 | neip. |
| | count | | |
| | backw | | |
| | ards in | Start at the bigger number and count back the smaller | |
| | ones. | number showing the jumps on the number line. | |
| | 13 – 4 | $-10 -10 -10 \\ -1 -1 -1 \\ 34 35 36 37 47 57$ | |
| | Use counters and move them away | This can progress all the way to counting back using two | |
| | from the group as you take them away counting backwards as you go. | 2 digit numbers. | |
| | | | |



| | Make 14 on the ten frame. Ta the four first to make 10 and takeaway one more so you ha away 5. You are left with the 9. | ake away then ave taken answer of | 13 – 7 = 6 3 4 Start at 13. Take away 3 to reach 10. Th remaining 4 so you have taken away 7 to have reached your answer. | ts is if if is is is is in the away the altogether. You | How many do we have left to take off? |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Column method without regrouping | Show how you partition numbers to subtract. Again make the larger number first. | Se Base 10 make the gger umber then ke the haller umber vay. | $\begin{array}{c c} \hline \\ \hline $ | Draw the Base 10 or place value counters alongside the written calculation to help to show working. | $47 - 24 = 23$ $-\frac{40 + 7}{20 + 4}$ $\overline{20 + 3}$ This will lead to a clear written column subtraction. 32 -12 20 |





Multiplication

| Objective and | Concrete | Pictorial | Abstract |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Strategies | | | |
| Doubling | Use practical activities to show how to double a number. | Draw pictures to show how to double a number. Double 4 is 8 | 16 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 12 12 Partition a number and then double each part before recombining it back together. |
| Counting in multiples | Count in multiples supported by concrete objects in equal groups. | Use a number line or pictures to continue support in counting in multiples. | Count in multiples of a number aloud. Write sequences with multiples of numbers. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 5, 10, 15, 20, 25 , 30 |

| Repeated addition | 3+3+3 | There are 3 plates. Each plate has 2 star biscuits on. How many biscuits are there? $ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} $ $ \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} $ $ \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} $ $ \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} $ $ \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} $ $ \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} $ $ \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} $ $ \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} $ $ \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} $ $ \end{array} $ | Write addition sentences to describe objects and pictures. |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| | Use different objects to add equal groups. | 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 | 2+2+2+2=10 |
| Arrays- showing | Create arrays using counters/ cubes to | Draw arrays in different | Use an array to write |
| multiplication | snow multiplication sentences. | multiplication sentences. | and reinforce repeated |
| | Alle | 2 × 4 = 8 | addition. |
| | | 2×4=8 0 0 0 4×2=8 | |
| | | | 5 + 5 + 5 = 15 |
| | | Link arrays to area of rectangles. | 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 = 15 |
| | | | 5 x 3 = 15 |
| | | | 3 x 5 = 15 |



| | Then you have your answer. | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Column multiplication | Children can continue to be supported by place value counters at the stage of multiplication. | Bar modelling and number lines can support learners when solving problems with multiplication alongside the formal written methods. 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 5 | Start with long multiplication, reminding the children about lining up their numbers clearly in columns. If it helps, children can write out what they are solving next to their answer. |
| | It is important at this stage that they always multiply the ones first and note down their answer followed by the tens which they note below. | $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | $\begin{array}{c} 32 \\ x \underline{24} \\ 8 \\ 120 \\ 40 \\ 40 \\ 20 \\ x 2) \\ \underline{600} \\ 768 \end{array}$ |

| | This 7 4 × 6 3 |
|--|-------------------------------------------------------|
| | moves to |
| | the more 2 1 0 |
| | compact ² ⁴ ⁰ |
| | method. $\frac{4 + 4 + 2 + 6 + 6 + 2}{4 + 6 + 6 + 2}$ |
| | 112 |
| | <u>X 36</u> |
| | 672 |
| | 3360 |
| | 4 0 3 2 |
| | |

Division

| Objective and | Concrete | Pictorial | Abstract |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Strategies | | | |
| Sharing objects into | | Children use pictures or shapes to share quantities. | Share 9 buns between three |
| groups | | | people. |
| | | ĴË ĴË | 9 ÷ 3 = 3 |
| | 10 I have 10 cubes, can you | \$\$ \$ } | |
| | share them equally in 2 groups? | $8 \div 2 = 4$ | |



| Division with a remainder | 14 ÷ 3 = Divide objects between groups and see how much is left over | Jump forward in equal jumps on a number line then see how many more you need to jump to find a remainder. 0481213 Draw dots and group them to divide an amount and clearly show a remainder. | Complete written divisions and show the remainder using r. $29 \div 8 = 3$ REMAINDER 5 $\uparrow \uparrow \uparrow \uparrow$ dividend divisor quotient remainder |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Short division | Tens Units 3 2 3 $0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0$ | Students can continue to use drawn diagrams with dots or circles to help them divide numbers into equal groups. | Begin with divisions that divide equally with no remainder. $\begin{array}{c c} 2 & 1 & 8 \\ \hline & 3 \\ 4 & 8 & 7 & 2 \\ \end{array}$ Move onto divisions with a remainder. $\begin{array}{c c} 8 & 6 \\ \hline & 3 \\ 5 \\ 4 & 3 & 2 \end{array}$ |

